JURISPRUDENCE & YOU



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Understanding Probate in Florida

You have likely heard the term "probate". It is essentially a court-supervised process for identifying and gathering the assets of a deceased person (also known as the "decedent"), paying the decedent's creditors and then re-titling and/or distributing the decedent's assets to the heirs and/or beneficiaries. There are essentially two basic types of probate administration under Florida law: formal administration and an expedited proceeding known as a "summary administration" (available if the decedent's assets total less than \$75,000 or if the decedent has been dead for more than 2 years).

Administration via probate applies to the following: (1) those assets that were owned in the decedent's sole name on the date of death, (2) assets that were owned by the decedent and one or more co-owners and lacked a provision for automatic succession of ownership after death, or (3) any other assets without a predesignated beneficiary. For instance, an account that has a Payable on Death provision (also known as a "POD account") or an account held "with right of survivorship" such that the interest is automatically vested in the "survivor" is not subject to probate and passes to the named beneficiary outside of probate. Additionally, assets owned by husband and wife and legally held as "tenants by the entirety" are not deemed probate assets since such ownership of assets automatically vests in the surviving spouse.

IS PROBATE NECESSARY?

In Florida, probate is the necessary process to satisfy creditors and thereafter to distribute ownership of the decedent's probate assets (or re-title them) to the heirs or beneficiaries. If the decedent had a valid Last Will & Testament on the date of death, unless the Will is admitted to probate in the applicable court, the Will, by itself, does not automatically to pass ownership of probate assets to the named beneficiaries. Additionally, if the decedent passed with either no Will or no valid Will (known as dying "intestate"), probate is required to pass ownership of the decedent's probate assets to

those persons who are designated to receive them under applicable Florida law.

PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE RESPONSIBILITIES?

The "personal representative" of the estate is the person (must be a Florida resident or close relative of the decedent), a Florida bank or trust company (or such institution authorized to conduct business here) appointed to handle the administration of the decedent's probate estate in accordance with Florida law.

Essentially, the personal representative must: (1) identify, value and safeguard the decedent's probate assets; (2) publish a 'Notice to Creditors' in a local newspaper; (3) conduct a diligent search to locate "known or reasonably ascertainable" creditors, and notify these creditors of the time frames for any such claims to be filed; (4) execute all instruments necessary in the exercise of the personal representative's powers and object to improper claims; (5) satisfy and settle creditor claims and distribute assets of the estate; (6) file applicable tax returns; (7) engage professionals (i.e. lawyers, accountants, appraisers, etc) to assist in the administration of the probate estate; (8) pay taxes, assessments and expenses of administering the probate estate, and (9) finalize the probate estate.

It is important to note that, if the personal representative mismanages the probate estate, the personal representative may be subject to liability to the heirs/beneficiaries.



Robert Elias, Esq

Robert Elias, Esq is the Managing Principal of a local boutique transactional law firm specializing in real estate (residential and commercial), banking, corporate, and estate planning/asset protection. Mr. Elias serves on the Board of Directors of Apollo Bank and is active in a variety of civic and charitable endeavors throughout South Florida. www.eliaslaw.net.

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